

ATTORNEY IN FACT

Washington Home Care LLC dba Washington Homemaker

Companion Registry P.O. Box 1244 Washington, CT 06793 203-577-8979 saraguillemette@gmail.com washingtoncthomecare.com CTReg#HCA.0001654

When an attorney-in-fact signs an arrangement agreement with a non-medical Homemaker Companion Registry on behalf of a client who is newly engaged in hospice, this involves key considerations:

1. Legal Authority

The attorney-in-fact (also known as an agent) must have the legal authority to act on behalf of the client. This authority is typically granted through a power of attorney (POA) document. It's essential that the POA includes the necessary scope for making such arrangements, and that it is still valid and hasn't been revoked.

2. Agreement Details

The agreement with a Homemaker Companion Registry must clearly outline the homemaker companion services to be provided, including assistance with activities of daily living, and any additional non-medical supports.

3. Compliance with Hospice Care

Collaboration between hospice and non-medical home care agencies is an essential aspect of providing comprehensive care to patients at the end of life. Homemaker companion agencies and registries provide a NARROW scope of non-medical support services. Service providers must have access to all durable medical equipment, in place, prior to scheduling care. A multidisciplinary approach, and Coordination between agencies such as:

- Hospice
- Skilled Home Health
- Non-Medical Live In
- Non-Medical Hourly

Must be made possible, with no barriers nor interference nor prohibition.

4. Financial Implications

As the attorney-in-fact, the agent must ensure that the costs associated with the services are within the financial capabilities of the client or are covered by insurance or other means.



Washington Home Care LLC dba Washington Homemaker

Companion Registry P.O. Box 1244 Washington, CT 06793 203-577-8979 saraguillemette@gmail.com washingtoncthomecare.com CTReg#HCA.0001654

5. Client's Best Interests

The decision to engage a homemaker companion registry must be made in the best interests of the client, focusing on their comfort, quality of life, and specific preferences.

6. Legal and Ethical Considerations

The attorney-in-fact must ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations, including those related to elder care and hospice, while also adhering to ethical standards in decision-making.

7. Documentation

Proper documentation of the attorney-in-fact's authorization to enter into this agreement and any related communications should be offered, and maintained for legal clarity and accountability.

By carefully attending to these aspects, the attorney-in-fact can facilitate support for the hospice client in a manner that respects their needs and legal rights, as well as the needs for each level of care.